

Serial No. 10/077,307

Page 5

**Amendments to the Claims:**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

**Listing of Claims:**

1. (currently amended): A method of coating a surface of a titanium based surface substrate to provide oxidation protection and improved fatigue properties at elevated temperatures, comprising:  
applying ~~a protective coating to the surface, the coating being applied to~~  
5 ~~the surface and having an aluminum conversion layer to the surface, wherein~~  
the aluminum conversion layer is applied at a temperature below which aluminum does not appreciably react with titanium, and wherein the aluminum conversion layer is applied to of a thickness of ~~less than~~ from about 2 to 12 microns; and  
10 heat treating the aluminum conversion layer so that a first portion of the aluminum oxidizes to form an alumina layer and a second portion of the aluminum interacts with the titanium within the titanium based substrate to form titanium aluminide.
2. (currently amended): The method of Claim 1, wherein said ~~coating the titanium aluminide is formed as a layer having is applied at a~~  
thickness of ~~between about 2 to 12~~ from about 2 to 15 microns.
3. (original): The method of Claim 1, wherein the aluminum conversion layer is transformed to titanium aluminide by heating at a controlled rate above about 500°C followed by a hold at a temperature no more than about  
5 750°C, and cooling at a controlled rate back down to about 500°C.

Serial No.10/077,307

Page 6

4. (currently amended): The method of Claim 1, wherein the aluminum conversion layer is applied by gaseous deposition.

5. (original): The method of Claim 4, wherein the gaseous deposition and heat-treating are performed separately.

6. (currently amended): The method of Claim 1, wherein the aluminum conversion layer is applied at a temperature below 450°C.

7. (currently amended): The method of Claim 1, wherein the titanium aluminide is disposed between the alumina layer and the titanium based substrate conversion layer is oxidized to form an alumina surface layer.

8-11. (cancelled)

12. (currently amended): A method of applying a coating to a titanium-based substrate, comprising:

5 cleaning a surface of the titanium-based substrate with a dilute caustic solution of KOH;

thereafter, applying an aluminum conversion layer of between 2 to 12 microns on the substrate by gaseous deposition, the aluminum conversion layer being deposited at a temperature below which aluminum does not appreciably react with titanium and below the melting point of Al; and

10 heat-treating the aluminum conversion layer so that the aluminum oxidizes to form alumina and interacts with the titanium to form the titanium aluminide, and wherein a portion of the aluminum conversion layer is oxidized to form an alumina surface layer.

13. (currently amended): The method of Claim 12; wherein the aluminum conversion layer is applied at a temperature below 450°C.

Serial No. 10/077,307

Page 7

14-15. (canceled)

16. (currently amended): The method of Claim 45 12, wherein the aluminum conversion layer is transformed to titanium aluminide by heating at a controlled rate to a temperature of below 640°C after cleaning the surface.

17. (currently amended): A method of coating a surface of a titanium based surface substrate to provide oxidation protection at elevated temperatures, comprising:

5 cleaning the surface of the titanium-based substrate with a dilute caustic solution of KOH;

thereafter, applying a protective coating to the surface, the coating being applied by applying an aluminum conversion layer to the surface at a temperature below which aluminum does not appreciably react with titanium  
10 and of a thickness of less than 12 microns; and

heat treating the aluminum conversion layer so that the aluminum oxidizes and interacts with the titanium to form titanium aluminide; and

cleaning the titanium-based alloy surface prior to applying a protective coating.

18. (canceled)

19. (currently amended): The method of Claim 48 17, wherein the aluminum conversion layer is transformed to titanium aluminide by heating at a controlled rate of below 640°C after cleaning the surface.

20-24. (canceled)

Serial No.10/077,307

Page 8

25. (currently amended): A method of applying a coating to a brazed substrate, the substrate having a braze thereon, the braze including titanium, the method comprising:

5 applying an aluminum conversion layer ~~of between 2 to 12 microns~~ on the ~~brazed substrate by gaseous deposition~~, the layer being deposited at a temperature below which aluminum does not appreciably react with any titanium which may or may not be present in the braze; and

10 heat treating the aluminum conversion layer so that the aluminum oxidizes to form alumina, ~~and if the braze contains Ti,~~ and interacts with the titanium to form a layer of titanium aluminide on the brazed substrate.

26. (new): The method of Claim 1, wherein the titanium aluminide comprises the phase  $TiAl_3$ .

27. (new): The method of Claim 1, wherein the alumina layer has a thickness of from about 0.5 to 5 microns.

28. (new): The method of Claim 12, wherein the aluminum conversion layer is applied at a thickness of between 2 to 12 microns.

29. (new): The method of Claim 25, wherein the alumina forms an outer alumina layer, and the layer of titanium aluminide is disposed between the alumina layer and the braze.

30. (new): A method for forming an oxidation protective coating on a titanium-based substrate, comprising:

- 5 a) depositing an aluminum conversion layer on a surface of the titanium-based substrate, wherein the aluminum conversion layer comprises aluminum;
- b) oxidizing a first portion of the aluminum to form an outer alumina layer;
- and

Serial No.10/077,307

Page 9

10 c) reacting a second portion of the aluminum with titanium of the titanium-based substrate to form a layer of titanium aluminide beneath the alumina layer, wherein step b) is performed at a first temperature, and step c) is performed at a second temperature, and wherein the second temperature is higher than the first temperature.

31. (new): The method of Claim 30, wherein the first temperature is about 400° C.

32. (new): The method of Claim 31, wherein the second temperature is about 700° C.

33. (new): The method of Claim 30, wherein step a) is performed at a temperature less than about 550° C.

34. (new): The method of Claim 30, wherein step a) is performed at a temperature of from about 200 to 300° C.

35. (new): The method of Claim 30, further comprising: prior to step a), cleaning the surface of the titanium-based substrate.

36. (new): A method for forming an oxidation protective coating on a surface of a titanium-based substrate, comprising:

- 5 a) cleaning the surface of the titanium-based substrate;
- b) depositing an aluminum conversion layer on the surface of the titanium-based substrate, wherein the aluminum conversion layer comprises aluminum;
- c) oxidizing a first portion of the aluminum conversion layer to form an outer alumina layer; and

Serial No.10/077,307

Page 10

- 10 d) diffusing a second portion of the aluminum conversion layer into the titanium-based substrate, wherein a titanium aluminide layer is formed beneath the alumina layer.

37. (new): The method of Claim 36, wherein step a) comprises cleaning the surface of the titanium-based substrate with a caustic solution.

38. (new): The method of Claim 36, wherein step c) is performed at a first temperature, step d) is performed at a second temperature, and wherein the second temperature is substantially higher than the first temperature.

39. (new): A method for forming an oxidation protective coating on a surface of a titanium-based substrate, comprising:

- a) depositing an aluminum conversion layer on the surface of the titanium-based substrate, wherein the aluminum conversion layer is deposited at a temperature of less than about 550° C;
- b) heat treating the aluminum conversion layer at a controlled rate to form a coated substrate comprising an outer alumina layer and a titanium aluminide layer, wherein the titanium aluminide layer is formed between the titanium-based substrate and the alumina layer, and wherein step b) comprises heating the aluminum conversion layer at a rate of from about 25 to 100° C per hour when the temperature during step b) is above 500° C; and
- d) cooling the coated substrate at a controlled rate, whereby cracking of the titanium aluminide layer is prevented, wherein step c) comprises cooling the coated substrate at a rate of from about 15 to 60° C per hour.

40. (new): The method of Claim 39, further comprising:

e) prior to step d), holding the temperature attained during step b) for a period of from about 5 minutes to 2 hours.

Serial No. 10/077,307

Page 11

41. (new): The method of Claim 39, wherein the aluminum conversion layer has a thickness in the range of from about 0.5 to 40 microns.

42. (new): The method of Claim 41, wherein the titanium aluminide layer is formed to a thickness in the range of from about 1 to 80 microns.

43. (new): A coated titanium-based substrate prepared according to the method of Claim 36.

44. (new): An oxidation protective coating for a titanium-based alloy substrate, comprising:

5 a layer of titanium aluminide disposed directly on a surface of the titanium-based alloy substrate, wherein the layer of titanium aluminide comprises  $\text{TiAl}_3$ ; and

a layer of alumina ( $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$ ) disposed directly on the layer of titanium aluminide, wherein the layer of alumina has a thickness in the range of from about 0.5 to 5 microns.

45. (new): The protective coating of Claim 44, wherein the layer of titanium aluminide has a thickness in the range of from about 1 to 80 microns.

46. (new): The protective coating of Claim 44, wherein the layer of titanium aluminide has a thickness in the range of from about 2 to 15 microns.

Serial No.10/077,307

Page 12

47. (new): The protective coating of Claim 44, wherein the titanium-based alloy substrate comprises a braze disposed thereon, and wherein the braze comprises titanium.

48. (new): A titanium-based component, comprising:  
a titanium-based substrate; and  
an oxidation protective coating disposed on the titanium-based  
5 substrate, wherein the oxidation protective coating comprises:  
a layer of titanium aluminide disposed directly on a surface  
of the titanium-based substrate, wherein the layer of titanium  
aluminide comprises  $\text{TiAl}_3$ ; and  
a layer of alumina ( $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$ ) disposed directly on the layer of  
10 titanium aluminide, wherein the layer of alumina has a thickness in  
the range of from about 0.5 to 5 microns.

49. (new): The titanium-based component of Claim 48, wherein the component comprises a panel of a heat exchanger.

50. (new): The titanium-based component of Claim 48, wherein the component comprises a titanium-containing braze disposed on the titanium-based substrate.